



Pearson

## Mark Scheme (Results)

January 2017

Pearson International GCSE Mathematics A  
4MA0/1F

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## General Marking Guidance

- All candidates must receive the same treatment. Examiners must mark the first candidate in exactly the same way as they mark the last.
- Mark schemes should be applied positively. Candidates must be rewarded for what they have shown they can do rather than penalised for omissions.
- Examiners should mark according to the mark scheme not according to their perception of where the grade boundaries may lie.
- There is no ceiling on achievement. All marks on the mark scheme should be used appropriately.
- All the marks on the mark scheme are designed to be awarded. Examiners should always award full marks if deserved, i.e. if the answer matches the mark scheme. Examiners should also be prepared to award zero marks if the candidate's response is not worthy of credit according to the mark scheme.
- Where some judgement is required, mark schemes will provide the principles by which marks will be awarded and exemplification may be limited.
- When examiners are in doubt regarding the application of the mark scheme to a candidate's response, the team leader must be consulted.
- Crossed out work should be marked UNLESS the candidate has replaced it with an alternative response.
- **Types of mark**
  - M marks: method marks
  - A marks: accuracy marks
  - B marks: unconditional accuracy marks (independent of M marks)
- **Abbreviations**
  - cao – correct answer only
  - ft – follow through
  - isw – ignore subsequent working
  - SC - special case
  - oe – or equivalent (and appropriate)
  - dep – dependent
  - indep – independent
  - eeo – each error or omission

- **No working**

If no working is shown then correct answers normally score full marks

If no working is shown then incorrect (even though nearly correct) answers score no marks.
- **With working**

If there is a wrong answer indicated on the answer line always check the working in the body of the script (and on any diagrams), and award any marks appropriate from the mark scheme.

If it is clear from the working that the “correct” answer has been obtained from incorrect working, award 0 marks.

Any case of suspected misread loses A (and B) marks on that part, but can gain the M marks.

If working is crossed out and still legible, then it should be given any appropriate marks, as long as it has not been replaced by alternative work.

If there is a choice of methods shown, then no marks should be awarded, unless the answer on the answer line makes clear the method that has been used.

If there is no answer on the answer line then check the working for an obvious answer.
- **Ignoring subsequent work**

It is appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work does not change the answer in a way that is inappropriate for the question: eg. Incorrect cancelling of a fraction that would otherwise be correct.

It is not appropriate to ignore subsequent work when the additional work essentially makes the answer incorrect eg algebra.

Transcription errors occur when candidates present a correct answer in working, and write it incorrectly on the answer line; mark the correct answer.
- **Parts of questions**

Unless allowed by the mark scheme, the marks allocated to one part of the question CANNOT be awarded in another.

<b>International GCSE Maths</b>				
Apart from questions 15c, 19 & 21b (where the mark scheme states otherwise) the correct answer, unless clearly obtained from an incorrect method, should be taken to imply a correct method.				
<b>Q</b>	<b>Working</b>	<b>Answer</b>	<b>Mark</b>	<b>Notes</b>
<b>1</b> (a)		22.7	1	B1
(b)		arrow pointing to 5.26	1	B1
				<b>Total 2 marks</b>

<b>2</b> (i)		factor	1	B1
(ii)		square	1	B1
(iii)		prime	1	B1
(iv)		multiple	1	B1
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>

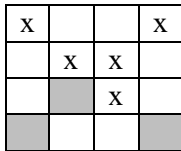
<b>3</b> (a)		4	1	B1
(b)			2	B1ft 4 'men' for 2 children,
		correct pictogram		B1ft 2.5 'men' for 3 children.
(c)		58	1	B1
(d)			2	M1 24:16 or equivalent but not 3:2 <b>or</b> 2 : 3
		3:2		A1 accept 1.5 : 1 <b>or</b> $1 : \frac{2}{3}$
				<b>Total 6 marks</b>

<b>4</b>	(a)		120	1	B1
	(b)		Three thousand, eight hundred and twenty one	1	B1
	(c)		81	1	B1
	(d)		3142	1	B1
					<b>Total 4 marks</b>

<b>5</b>	(i)		$C$	1	B1
	(ii)		$D$	1	B1
	(iii)		$A$	1	B1
					<b>Total 3 marks</b>

<b>6</b>	(a) (i)		33	1	B1
	(ii)		Correct statement	1	B1 eg +6, added 6 to the previous term or $6n - 3$
	(b)		31	1	B1
					<b>Total 3 marks</b>

<b>7</b>	(a)		42	1	B1
	(b)		49	1	B1
	(c) (i)		89	2	B1ft Correct angle, ft ( $138 - 'y'$ )
	(ii)		<u>(Angles) in a triangle add up to <math>180^\circ</math></u>		B1 Or <u>exterior angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the two opposite interior angles</u>
					<b>Total 4 marks</b>

<b>8</b>	(a)		A vertical and horizontal axis of symmetry and no extra lines.	1	B1
	(b)			1	B1 5 cells shaded
	(c)		A kite, delta or an isosceles trapezium.	1	B1
					<b>Total 3 marks</b>

<b>9</b>	(a)		0.00679, 0.0632, 0.607, 0.615, 0.66	1	B1
	(b)			2	M1 $\frac{24}{80}$ oe
			$\frac{3}{10}$		A1 cao
	(c)		0.09	1	B1
	(d)		57	1	B1
	(e)	$\frac{2}{9} \times 18.54$ or 2.06 or $\frac{103}{25}$ or $0.22(2\dots) \times 18.54$ oe		2	M1
			4.12		A1
	(f)	$\frac{27}{100} \times 4600$ oe (= 1242)		3	M1
		4600 + '1242'			M1 dep
			5842		A1
					<b>Total 10 marks</b>

<b>10</b>	(a)		-30	1	B1
	(b)	$24 \div 3 + 8$		2	M1 for an inverse operation (+8 or $\div 3$ )
			16		A1 16
<b>Total 3 marks</b>					

<b>11</b>				2	M1 for triangle with $AC = BC$ with relevant arcs or $AC = 5$ cm or $BC = 5$ cm with relevant arcs or correct triangle with no arcs
		A correct triangle			A1 A correctly drawn triangle with relevant arcs at C (vertex within intersection on overlay)
<b>Total 2 marks</b>					

<b>12</b>	(a)			2	M1 For at least 3 correct combinations or for all correct with repeats
			TB, TP, CB, CP, JB, JP		A1 All correct and no repeats
	(b)	$3 \times 1.65 (=4.95)$ or $4 \times 3.10 (=12.40)$ or 17.35		3	M1
		$20 - 3 \times 1.65 - 4 \times 3.10$ oe			M1 allow $20 - a \times 1.65 - b \times 3.10$ oe where $a$ and $b$ are both either 3 or 4
			2.65		A1 accept £2.65p
<b>Total 5 marks</b>					

<b>13</b>	(a)			2	M1 $7x$ or $-3y$
			$7x - 3y$		A1
	(b)		$24t^2$	1	B1
	(c)		$h(7 + h)$	1	B1
<b>Total 4 marks</b>					



<b>14</b>	$(HD/JG =) 12 \div 3 (=4)$		4	M1	could be on diagram and may be part of a calculation eg $4 \times 3 = 12$
	$(EB / JF / GC =) 10 - 3 (=7)$ <b>or</b> $(AH / EJ / BF =) 10 - "4" (=6)$			M1	could be on the diagram
	$10 \times 10 - 3 \times "6" - "4" \times "7" - 12$ <b>or</b> $(10 - "4") \times "7"$			M1ft	dep on M2
		42		A1	cao
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>	

<b>15</b>	(a)		4	1	B1
	(b)	$8 \times 1024$		2	M1 For 8 (from $2^3$ ) <b>or</b> 1024 <b>or</b> $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4$
			8192		A1 accept $2^{13}$
	(c)	$600 = 2 \times 300 = 2 \times 2 \times 150 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 75 =$ $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 25 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$		3	M1 For at least 2 correct steps in repeated factorisation (may be seen in a tree diagram)
					A1 for correct factors E.g. 2, 2, 2, 3, 5, 5 (condone inclusion of 1)
			$2^3 \times 3 \times 5^2$		A1 NB: Candidates showing no working score 0 marks.
					<b>Total 6 marks</b>

<b>16</b>	$3 \times 7 (=21)$		2	M1 <b>or</b> for 3 numbers with a total of 21 <b>or</b> 3 numbers with a median of 5 <b>or</b> 3 numbers with a range of 14 <b>or</b> $(a + c =) 3 \times 7 - 5 (=16)$
		1, 5, 15		A1 numbers can be in any order
				<b>Total 2 marks</b>

<b>17</b>	$\pi \times (70 - 2 \times 15)$ <b>or</b> $\pi \times 40 (=125(.6\dots))$		4	M1 oe
	$4 \times 15 (=60)$ <b>and</b> $4 \times 70 (=280)$ <b>or</b> 340			M1 independent
	“125.6...” + “60” + “280”			M1 dep on M2
		466		A1 for answer in range 465.6 – 466
				<b>Total 4 marks</b>

<b>18</b>	$96 \div 3 (= 32)$		3	M1	M2 for $\frac{5}{3} \times 96$
	$9 \times '32' (=288)$ <b>or</b> $4 \times '32' (=128)$ <b>or</b> $(9 - 4) \times '32'$			M1 dep	
		160		A1	
				<b>Total 3 marks</b>	

19	$\frac{17}{3} - \frac{19}{5}$		3	M1 for correct improper fractions (subtraction sign not necessary) <b>OR</b> two improper fractions with a common denominator with at least one of the fractions correct
	E.g. $\frac{85}{15} - \frac{57}{15}$ <b>or</b> $\frac{17 \times 5 - 3 \times 19}{15}$ oe			M1 for correct fractions with a common denominator a multiple of 15 i.e. in form $\frac{85a}{15a} - \frac{57a}{15a}$
		shown		A1 dep on M2 for correct conclusion to $1\frac{13}{15}$ from correct working <b>with</b> sight of the result of the subtraction e.g. $\frac{28}{15}$
	<b>Alternative method</b>			
	$(5)\frac{10}{15} - (3)\frac{12}{15}$		3	M1 for two correct fractions with a common denominator a multiple of 15
	$-\frac{2}{15}$			M1
		shown		A1 dep on M2 for correct conclusion to $1\frac{13}{15}$ from correct working <b>with</b> sight of the result of the subtraction e.g. $\frac{28}{15}$ or $2 - \frac{2}{15}$
	<b>Alternative method</b>			
	E.g. $5\frac{10}{15} - 3\frac{12}{15}$		3	M1 for two correct fractions with a common denominator a multiple of 15
	E.g. $4\frac{25}{15} - 3\frac{12}{15}$			M1 for a complete correct method
		shown		A1 dep on M2 for correct conclusion to $1\frac{13}{15}$ from correct working
				<b>Total 3 marks</b>

20	(a)	(-1, 6) (0, 4) (1, 2) (2, 0) (3, -2) (4, -4) (5, -6)	Correct line between $x = -1$ and $x = 5$	4	B4 For a correct line between $x = -1$ and $x = 5$
					B3 For a correct line through at least 3 of (-1, 6) (0, 4) (1, 2) (2, 0) (3, -2) (4, -4) (5, -6) <b>OR</b> for all of (-1, 6) (0, 4) (1, 2) (2, 0) (3, -2) (4, -4) (5, -6) plotted but not joined.
					B2 For at least 2 correct points plotted
					B1 For at least 2 correct points stated (may be in a table) or seen in working <b>OR</b> for a line drawn with a negative gradient through (0, 4) <b>OR</b> for a line with the correct gradient.
(b)			3	M1 for $y = -4$ drawn; accept full or dashed line NB A shaded rectangle implies a choice of lines so M0	
				M1 for $x = 1$ drawn; accept full or dashed line NB A shaded rectangle implies a choice of lines so M0	
		For correct region identified		A1ft for correct region identified. Condone no label if region clear. ft from an incorrect straight line in part (a)	
					<b>Total 7 marks</b>

21	(a)	$5y = 10 - 17$ <b>or</b> $5y = -7$ <b>or</b> $17 - 10 = -5y$ <b>or</b> $7 = -5y$		2	M1
			-1.4		A1 for -1.4 or $-\frac{7}{5}$ or $-1\frac{2}{5}$
	(b)	$5q - 15 (= 12 - q)$ <b>or</b> $q - 3 = \frac{12}{5} - \frac{q}{5}$		3	M1
		E.g. $5q + q = 12 + 15$ <b>or</b> $6q = 27$			M1 For a correct equation with the $q$ terms collected on one side of the equation and the non $q$ terms on the other side.  ft from $5q - 3 = 12 - q$ for this mark only
			4.5		A1 for 4.5 <b>or</b> $\frac{9}{2}$ oe dep on at least M1
	(c)	$-7t \geq 31 - 3$ <b>or</b> $7t \leq 3 - 31$ oe		2	M1 $-7t \geq 31 - 3$ <b>or</b> $7t \leq 3 - 31$ <b>or</b> $-4$ <b>or</b> $t \geq -4$ accept an equation or the wrong inequality sign
			$t \leq -4$		A1 or for $-4 \geq t$
					<b>Total 10 marks</b>

22	(a)	18 ÷ 60 oe or 7.3 or $7\frac{18}{60}$ or $7\frac{3}{10}$ or $7 \times 60 + 18 (=438)$		3	M1 for changing time to a decimal (7.3)
		$750 \times "7.3"$ oe or $750 \times \frac{"438"}{60}$ oe			M1 for speed × time (allow $750 \times 7.18$ or answer of 5385)
			5475		A1
	(b)	for at least one correct operation eg. $750 \times 1000$ , $750 \div 60$ or $\frac{1000}{60 \times 60} (= 0.27\dots)$ or $\frac{5}{18}$		3	M1 for <b>one or two</b> of $\times 1000$ , $\div 60$ , $\div 60$ (can be implied by 750 000 or 12.5 or 12500 or 0.2083)
		$\frac{750 \times 1000}{60 \times 60}$ oe			M1 complete correct method
			208		A1 accept answers in range 208 – $208.\dot{3}$
		<b>Alternative mark scheme ft from (a)</b>			
		"5475" × 1000 (=5475000) OR $7 \times 60 + 18 = 438$ and $438 \times 60 (=26280 \text{ (sec)})$		3	M1
		"5475000" ÷ 26280			M1 dep complete correct method
		208		A1	accept answers in range 208 – $208.\dot{3}$
					<b>Total 6 marks</b>

<b>23</b>	(a)		$5 < d \leq 10$	1	B1 accept 5 – 10
	(b)	$2.5 \times 28 + 7.5 \times 32 + 12.5 \times 20 + 17.5 \times 14 + 22.5 \times 6$ <b>or</b> $70 + 240 + 250 + 245 + 135$ <b>or</b> 940		4	M2 $f \times d$ for at least 4 products with correct mid-interval values <b>and</b> intention to add  If not M2 then award M1 for $d$ used consistently for at least 4 products within interval (including end points) <b>and</b> intention to add <b>or</b> for at least 4 correct products with correct mid-interval values with no intention to add
		$(2.5 \times 28 + 7.5 \times 32 + 12.5 \times 20 + 17.5 \times 14 + 22.5 \times 6) \div 100$ <b>or</b> $(70 + 240 + 250 + 245 + 135) \div 100$ <b>or</b> “940” $\div 100$			M1 dep on M1 NB: accept their 100 if addition shown
			9.4		A1 SC: B2 for answer of 9.44 (B1 for 944 in working)
					<b>Total 5 marks</b>



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